Tuberculosis (TB) Screening in Long-term Care and Retirement Homes

Active TB screening checklist for clinicians

Please remember, the elderly may not present with classic signs and symptoms of active TB. In the elderly, consider TB in the differential diagnosis of failure to thrive and unexplained fatigue.

Symptom	Yes	No	Comments
Fever			
Hemoptysis			
Cough lasting more than 3 weeks			
Dyspnea			
Chest pain			
Anorexia			
Unintentional weight loss			
Night sweats			
Chest x-ray findings	Yes	No	Comments
Pleural effusions			
Cavities			
Changes in apices of lungs			
Densities			
Fibrosis			
Granulomas			
Infiltrates			
Nodules			
Volume loss			
Hilar or mediastinal lymphadenopathy			

Reference: Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care. Tuberculosis Protocol (Version 1.0). Diagnostics. P. 55; Public Health Agency of Canada & The Lung Association (2007). Canadian Tuberculosis Standards (7th Ed.), Chapter 3 – Diagnosis of Active Tuberculosis and Drug Resistance. P. 45

If there are concerning findings on either the review of symptoms or the chest x-ray, three sputums for acid-fast bacilli (AFB) and culture should be ordered for collection, each at least 8 hours apart, to rule out active TB.

